

Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule

Product Information :

Pharmaceutical form : Capsule

Category : Prescription Medicine

Pack : 1x10

Brand name : Rabeprazole

Content : Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule

Therapeutic Use : Treatment of Peptic ulcer disease & Gastroesophageal reflux disease (Acid reflux)



Product Description :

What is Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule?

Rabeprazole 20 mg capsule is used in the treatment of the symptoms of gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD), a disorder in which acid from the stomach flows backwards, causing heartburn and possibly causing injury to the oesophagus (the tube that connects the throat with the stomach). It is also used in the treatment of Zollinger-Ellison syndrome, a disorder in which the stomach generates too much acid. Rabeprazole is used in the treatment of ulcers (sores in the lining of the stomach or intestine) and to eradicate *H. pylori* (a bacteria that generates ulcers) in adults when combined with other drugs. It reduces the quantity of acid produced in the stomach.

How to Use Rabeprazole

- Take this drug one hour before a meal, ideally first thing in the morning.
- Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule capsules should be consumed completely with a glass of water; the medicine should not be chewed or crushed.

- The dose will be determined by your underlying disease as well as your response to the medication. As directed by your doctor, try to take it at the same time every day.
- Even though your symptoms go away fast, you should continue to take it as directed.
- You might be able to relieve your problems by eating fewer meals more frequently and avoiding caffeinated beverages such as tea and coffee, as well as spicy or fatty foods.

Precaution - Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule

- If you have an allergy to rabeprazole, dexlansoprazole,

[esomeprazole](#)

, lansoprazole,

[omeprazole](#)

,

[pantoprazole](#)

, or any of the substances in rabeprazole capsule, notify your doctor.

- If you're on rilpivirine, let your doctor know. If you are taking this drug, your doctor will likely tell you not to use rabeprazole.
- Tell your doctor about any prescription and over-the-counter medications, vitamins, nutraceuticals, and herbal products you're taking or planning to use. Your doctor will need to adjust your prescription dosages or keep a close eye on you for side effects.
- If you have a pregnancy, planning to become pregnant, or breastfeeding, notify your doctor. Call your doctor when you become pregnant during taking rabeprazole.
- Tell your doctor if you have or have ever had a poor amount of magnesium, calcium, or potassium in your blood; small levels of vitamin B12 in your body; osteoporosis (a situation in which the bones become thin and weak and break easily); or an autoimmune disease such as systemic lupus erythematosus (a condition in which the body attacks its own organs).
- If you are 70 years old or older, consult a doctor about the drawbacks and advantages of taking Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule. Do not use this medication for any longer than your

doctor has prescribed.

Benefits of Rabeprazole Capsule

In Acid reflux disease

- GERD is a long-term (chronic) disorder that causes heartburn on a regular basis rather than just sometimes. It occurs when a muscle over your stomach flexes too much, allowing stomach contents to enter your oesophagus and mouth. The drug Rabeprazole Capsule belongs to the class of drugs known as proton pump inhibitors. It lowers the amount of acid produced by your stomach and decreases the discomfort of heartburn and acid reflux. For it to be effective, you must take it exactly as directed.
- GERD symptoms can be relieved by making a few simple lifestyle modifications. Consider which foods cause heartburn and attempt to stay away from them; eat smaller, more frequent meals; If you are overweight, attempt to drop weight and find ways to relax. Eat no more than 3-4 hours before going to bed.

In Peptic Ulcer disease

The drug Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule belongs to a class of drugs known as proton pump inhibitors. It lowers the amount of acid produced by your stomach, preventing further ulcer damage as it heals normally. Depending on what triggered the ulcer, you may be prescribed additional medications in addition to this one. Even if your symptoms seem to vanish, you must continue to take the prescription as directed in order for it to be successful.

Side Effects of Rabeprazole

The majorities of side effects are minor and will go away as your body adapts to the medication. If they don't go away or you're concerned about them, see your doctor.

- It is possible that you will experience a headache. Tell your doctor immediately if this effect persists or worsens.
- Remember that your doctor provided Rabeprazole 20 mg Capsule because he or she believes the advantage to you exceeds the risk of adverse effects.
- If you have any significant side effects, such as symptoms of a low magnesium blood level, or evidence of lupus, contact your doctor immediately.
- Due to a bug called *C. difficile*, this medicine may induce severe intestinal disease in

certain people. This condition can develop during medication or weeks or months after it has ended.

- If you have persistent diarrhea, abdomen or stomach pain/cramping, fever, or blood/mucus in your stool, call your doctor immediately.
- If you have these problems, avoid taking anti-diarrhoea or opioid medications because they may increase them.
- Proton pump inhibitors (such as rabeprazole) have been known to cause vitamin B-12 deficiency in rare cases. If you take them each day for a long time, the risk increases, contact your doctor immediately.

Some Tips for Rabeprazole Capsule

- It is a well-tolerated drug that provides long-term comfort.
- If you have watery diarrhea, a fever, or persistent stomach pain, contact your doctor.
- If you don't feel better after 14 days, consult your doctor because you could be suffering from another problem that needs care.
- Long-term usage of Rabeprazole Capsule may result in brittle bones and a mineral shortage, such as magnesium. Take calcium and magnesium supplements or calcium and magnesium supplements as directed by your doctor.
- Avoid carbonated beverages or soft drinks, lemon juices, fried foods, and caffeinated beverages such as tea and coffee in excess.
- Avoid consuming alcoholic beverages and smoking.
- It's best not to eat late at night or right before bedtime.



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